

```

> read "phisig2.mpl": read "lispithetaphi.m":
> # phisig2.mpl contains the procedures
  # lispithetaphi, list of 6698 primorials [p,pi(p),log(M)=theta
  (p),M/phi(M)]
  # allowing to compute all primorials with largest prime factor
  <= 2000530391

> Digits:=50:delta:=evalf(exp(gamma)*(4+gamma-log(4*Pi))); # proof
  of (1.5)
  egam:=exp(evalf(gamma));
    δ := 3.6444150964073701410651161928351481600522602466432
    egam := 1.7810724179901979852365041031071795491696452143034 (1)

> k:=120568: pk:=ithprime(k): lispk:=thetansphindex(pk):
  # lispk is equal to [pk,theta(pk),pi(pk),M_{pk}/phi(M_{pk})]
  logMpk:=lispk[2]: "k=",k,"p_k=",pk,"log M_{p_k}=", logMpk; #
  proof of (1.7)
  MpksphiMpk:=lispk[4];
  "k=", 120568, "p_k=", 1591873, "log M_{p_k}=",
  1.5901716359732498491839002117855197255307208199851 106
  MpksphiMpk := (2)
  25.435450967660792417740307516130753659522786573757

> pkp1:=ithprime(k+1): pkp2:=ithprime(k+2): pkm10:=ithprime(k-10):
  "pkp1=",pkp1,"pkp2=",pkp2,"pkm10=",pkm10;
  logA:=logMpk+log(evalf(pkp1*pkp2/pk/pkm10)); # proof of (1.8)
  AsphiA:=MpksphiMpk*evalf((pkp1/(pkp1-1))*(pkp2/(pkp2-1))/(pk/
  (pk-1))/(pkm10/(pkm10-1)));
  cA:=(AsphiA-egam*log(logA))*sqrt(logA); # proof of (1.9)
  "pkp1=", 1591883, "pkp2=", 1591901, "pkm10=", 1591697
  logA := 1.5901716361076886219247158578229223864019648609209 106
  AsphiA := 25.435450965512590892512283387263655114247428990011
  cA := 3.6444151157099992864981182052257513679328189664401 (3)

> ##### Sect. 2.1 super champions for n/phi(n) #####
  #####

  Digits:=7: M:=1: MsphiM:=1: # computation of (2.2) and of Fig. 1
  for i from 1 to 7 do
    p:=ithprime(i): epshat_i:= evalf(log(p/(p-1))/log(p)):
    M:=M*p; MsphiM:=MsphiM*p/numtheory[phi](p):
    print("i=",i,"p=",p,"epshat_i=",epshat_i,"M=",M,"M/phi(M)=",
    MsphiM,
      "[eps_",i+1,"eps_",i,"]");
  od: M:='M': MsphiM:='MsphiM':
  "i=", 1, "p=", 2, "epshat_i=", 1., "M=", 2, "M/phi(M)=", 2, "[eps_", 2, "eps_", 1, "]"

```

```

"i=", 2, "p=", 3, "epshat_i=", 0.3690703, "M=", 6, "M/phi(M)=", 3, "[eps_", 3,
"eps_", 2, "]"
"i=", 3, "p=", 5, "epshat_i=", 0.1386469, "M=", 30, "M/phi(M)=",  $\frac{15}{4}$ , "[eps_", 4,
"eps_", 3, "]"
"i=", 4, "p=", 7, "epshat_i=", 0.07921795, "M=", 210, "M/phi(M)=",  $\frac{35}{8}$ , "[eps_",
5, "eps_", 4, "]"
"i=", 5, "p=", 11, "epshat_i=", 0.03974744, "M=", 2310, "M/phi(M)=",  $\frac{77}{16}$ ,
"[eps_", 6, "eps_", 5, "]"
"i=", 6, "p=", 13, "epshat_i=", 0.03120623, "M=", 30030, "M/phi(M)=",  $\frac{1001}{192}$ ,
"[eps_", 7, "eps_", 6, "]"
"i=", 7, "p=", 17, "epshat_i=", 0.02139783, "M=", 510510, "M/phi(M)=",
 $\frac{17017}{3072}$ , "[eps_", 8, "eps_", 7, "]"

```

(4)

```

> ##### Sect. 3 Proof of Theorem 1.1 #####
#####

```

```

> Digits:=50:
eps:=evalf(log(pkp1/(pkp1-1))/log(pkp1)); # proof of (3.1)
evalf(log(pk/(pk-1))/log(pk));
eps:= 4.3989372112566484371147188052990163267941828644178 10-8
4.3989667800682590602775943520186467188570631945715 10-8

```

(5)

```

> lispk:=thetansphindex(pk); lispkp1:=thetansphindex(pkp1);
#[p,theta(p)=log M_p,pi(p),M_p/phi(M_p)]
lispk := [1591873,
1.5901716359732498491839002117855197255307208199851 106,
120568, 25.435450967660792417740307516130753659522786573757]
lispkp1 := [1591883,
1.5901859164014000726343881285507153047254008941605 106,
120569, 25.435466945887173305766189924693395947552715628038]

```

(6)

```

> logMpk:=lispk[2];MpsphiMpk:=lispk[4];cMpk:=(MpsphiMpk-egam*log
(logMpk))*sqrt(logMpk);
logMpk:= 1.5901716359732498491839002117855197255307208199851 106
MpsphiMpk:=
25.435450967660792417740307516130753659522786573757

```

(7)

$cMpk := 3.6444180143633365992683205404333454020654578996841$ (7)

```
> logMpkp1:=lispkp1[2];Mpkp1sphiMpkp1:=lispkp1[4];
cMpkp1:=(Mpkp1sphiMpkp1-egam*log(logMpkp1))*sqrt(logMpkp1);
logMpkp1 :=
```

$1.5901859164014000726343881285507153047254008941605 \cdot 10^6$

```
Mpkp1sphiMpkp1 :=
```

$25.435466945887173305766189924693395947552715628038$

$cMpkp1 := 3.6444135698227070808123288480569082249632313486421$ (8)

```
> lam:=evalf(4+gamma-log(4*Pi));delta:=lam*evalf(exp(gamma)); # cf.
(3.2)
```

$lam := 2.0461914179322420676286204958129905832438642543041$

$\delta := 3.6444150964073701410651161928351481600522602466432$ (9)

```
> ##### proof of Lemma 3.1 #####
```

```
lambda:='lambda': g:=ep*t-log(log(t)+lambda/sqrt(t)); # cf. 3.3
g1:=diff(g,t); g2:=diff(g1,t); # cf. (3.4 and (3.5)
"9*lambda^2/16=",evalf(9*lam^2/16,10);
```

$$g := ep t - \ln \left(\ln(t) + \frac{\lambda}{\sqrt{t}} \right)$$

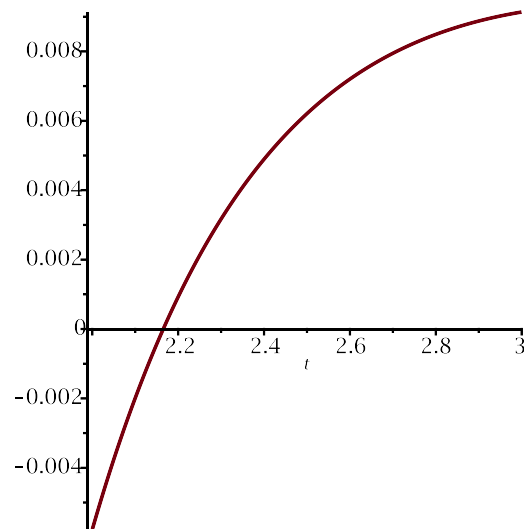
$$g1 := ep - \frac{\frac{1}{t} - \frac{\lambda}{2 t^{3/2}}}{\ln(t) + \frac{\lambda}{\sqrt{t}}}$$

$$g2 := -\frac{-\frac{1}{t^2} + \frac{3\lambda}{4 t^{5/2}}}{\ln(t) + \frac{\lambda}{\sqrt{t}}} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{t} - \frac{\lambda}{2 t^{3/2}} \right)^2}{\left(\ln(t) + \frac{\lambda}{\sqrt{t}} \right)^2}$$

"9*lambda^2/16=", 2.355130867

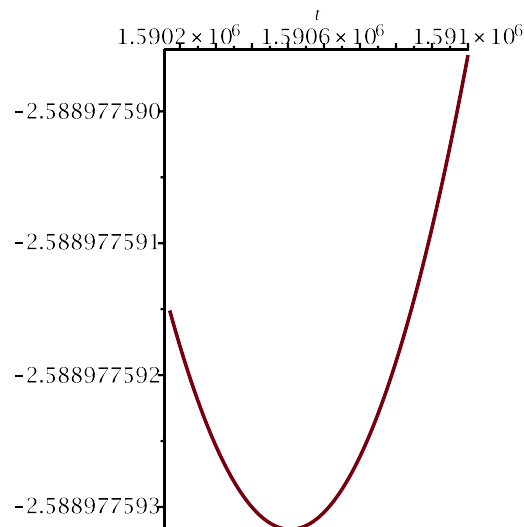
(10)

```
> plot(subs(lambda=lam,g2),t=2..3);
```



```
> evalf(fsolve(subs(lambda=lam,g2)=0,t=2..2.4),10);
2.165252580 (11)
```

```
> plot(subs(lambda=lam,ep=eps,g),t=logMpk..1591000);
" g'(log M_{p_k})=", evalf(subs(ep=eps,lamba=lam,t=logMpk,g1),20)
;
" g'(log M_{p_{k+1}})=", evalf(subs(ep=eps,lamba=lam,t=logMpkp1,
g1),20);
"The minimum of g is attained on t=",
evalf(fsolve(subs(ep=eps,lamba=lam,g1)=0,t=1590000..1591000),20)
;
```



```
" g'(log M_{p_k})=", -9.914696854038474 10-12
" g'(log M_{p_{k+1}})=", -9.492082596714804 10-12
```

```
"The minimum of g is attained on t=", 1.5905067305279091792 106 (12)
```

```
> ##### proof of Lemma 3.2
#####
```

```
maxg:=evalf(subs(ep=eps,lamba=lam,t=logMpk,g));
# maxg = log(M_{p_k}) is the max of g on the interval [log(M_
```

```

{p_k}),log(M_{p_{k+1}})]
majbenn:=maxg-evalf(gamma)+log(MpksphiMpk)-eps*logMpk; # Proof of
(3.8)
# majbenn is
maxg := -2.5889775915083028465124934706885910104330884534497
majbenn := 9.0974000017586434290536712028474719100935 10-11 (13)

```

```

> ##### proof of Lemma 3.3
#####

```

```

> for i from 0 to 15 do print("i=",i,"p_{k+i}=",ithprime(k+i),"p_
{k-i}=",ithprime(k-i)); od;
    "i=", 0, "p_{k+i}=", 1591873, "p_{k-i}=", 1591873
    "i=", 1, "p_{k+i}=", 1591883, "p_{k-i}=", 1591871
    "i=", 2, "p_{k+i}=", 1591901, "p_{k-i}=", 1591859
    "i=", 3, "p_{k+i}=", 1591913, "p_{k-i}=", 1591841
    "i=", 4, "p_{k+i}=", 1591921, "p_{k-i}=", 1591813
    "i=", 5, "p_{k+i}=", 1591927, "p_{k-i}=", 1591787
    "i=", 6, "p_{k+i}=", 1591949, "p_{k-i}=", 1591783
    "i=", 7, "p_{k+i}=", 1591969, "p_{k-i}=", 1591753
    "i=", 8, "p_{k+i}=", 1591973, "p_{k-i}=", 1591729
    "i=", 9, "p_{k+i}=", 1591981, "p_{k-i}=", 1591721
    "i=", 10, "p_{k+i}=", 1592027, "p_{k-i}=", 1591697
    "i=", 11, "p_{k+i}=", 1592047, "p_{k-i}=", 1591663
    "i=", 12, "p_{k+i}=", 1592051, "p_{k-i}=", 1591637
    "i=", 13, "p_{k+i}=", 1592069, "p_{k-i}=", 1591631
    "i=", 14, "p_{k+i}=", 1592081, "p_{k-i}=", 1591621
    "i=", 15, "p_{k+i}=", 1592099, "p_{k-i}=", 1591589 (14)

```

```

> Digits:=50:
Benp(eps,1591663,1,0); # computation of ben_eps(M_{p_k}/p_{k-11}
) cf. (3.12)
    9.290797828319787228738499127624034940114995788 10-11 (15)

```

```

> Benp(eps,2,1,2); # computation of ben_eps{2M_{p_k}}, cf. (3.13)
    3.0491109254427743783015548686244769709745065734238 10-8 (16)

```

```

> Benp(eps,ithprime(k+1),0,2); # computation of ben_eps(M_{p_k}*p_
{k+1}^2), cf. (3.14)
    6.2818706782694883882197047714605813242611470198405 10-7 (17)

```

```

> Benp(eps,ithprime(k+15),0,1); # computation of ben_eps(M_{p_k}*p_
{k+15}) cf. (3.15)
Benp(eps,ithprime(k+14),0,1); # computation of ben_eps(M_{p_k}*p_
{k+14})

```

$$\begin{aligned} & 9.119457913497837048390638476735188918353313256 \cdot 10^{-11} \\ & 8.359594506860268839606289495073020480701291205 \cdot 10^{-11} \end{aligned} \quad (18)$$

```
> pkp14:=ithprime(k+14): evalf(pkp14/pk)^14; # proof of r=s in (3.16)
```

$$1.0018308461136143433683296423587053387541684357934 \quad (19)$$

```
> Bnumden:=proc(r) local Bnum, Bden,i; global eps; global k;
  Bnum:=0.; Bden:=0.;
  for i from 1 to r do Bnum:=Bnum+Benp(eps,ithprime(k+i),0,1); od;
  for i from 1 to r do Bden:=Bden+Benp(eps,ithprime(k-i+1),1,0);
  od;
  Bnum+Bden;
end:
> Bnumden(4),Bnumden(5); # proof of r <= 4 in Lemma 3.3
```

$$\begin{aligned} & 7.347192012099070214753936534142007032775520339 \cdot 10^{-11}, \\ & 1.2160947002823435477748103147693764876887235993 \cdot 10^{-10} \end{aligned} \quad (20)$$

```
> ##### computation of Theorem 1.1
#####
> Digits:=30: ti:=time[real](): lisresuo30:=benef(1591873,Float
(9.1,-11),4,0): time[real]()-ti;
# lissupo[r] is the ordered list of n/M_{p_k} =q_1..q_r
# lisinfo[s] is the ordered list of n/M_{p_k} =1/(q'_1..q'_s)
    "r=", 1, "nops(lissupo[r])=", 14
    "r=", 2, "nops(lissupo[r])=", 55
    "r=", 3, "nops(lissupo[r])=", 93
    "r=", 4, "nops(lissupo[r])=", 74
    "s=", 1, "nops(lisinfo[s])=", 11
    "s=", 2, "nops(lisinfo[s])=", 37
    "s=", 3, "nops(lisinfo[s])=", 50
    "s=", 4, "nops(lisinfo[s])=", 25
    "number of numbers with ben < benmax =", 882
"number of numbers n satisfying M_{p_k} < n < M_{p_{k+1}} and c(n) > delta
=", 882
```

$$5.841 \quad (21)$$

```
> for ter in lisresuo30[1..10] do print(ter[1],evalf(ter[2..5],20))
; od;
# [1, 2, "/", 0, 10] means p_{k+1}*p_{k+2}/(p_{k-0}*p_{k-10})
[1, 2, "/", 0, 10], [1.5901716361076886219 \cdot 10^6, 25.435450965512590893,
3.6444151157099992865, 9.0370863162683380770 \cdot 10^{-11}]
[1, 2, "/", 3, 8], [1.5901716361076868033 \cdot 10^6, 25.435450965512649013,
3.6444151157858569183, 9.0368498144271909394 \cdot 10^{-11}]
```

```
[2, 3, "/", 1, 8], [1.5901716361076863061 106, 25.435450965512664903,
3.6444151158065956839, 9.0367851570404228982 10-11]
[1, 2, "/", 5, 6], [1.5901716361076855672 106, 25.435450965512688517,
3.6444151158374164023, 9.0366890670825189787 10-11]
[1, 2, 3, "/", 1, 2, 7], [1.5901716361076850747 106, 25.435450965512704253,
3.6444151158579556122, 9.0366250318517055054 10-11]
[1, 2, 5, "/", 0, 1, 7], [1.5901716361076847764 106, 25.435450965512713787,
3.6444151158703985006, 9.0365862385761998023 10-11]
[3, 5, "/", 0, 7], [1.5901716361076846344 106, 25.435450965512718327,
3.6444151158763236966, 9.0365677655534504245 10-11]
[1, 5, "/", 4, 6], [1.5901716361076843975 106, 25.435450965512725896,
3.6444151158862036976, 9.0365369626088208926 10-11]
[2, 3, "/", 4, 5], [1.5901716361076843833 106, 25.435450965512726351,
3.6444151158867970839, 9.0365351126043327888 10-11]
[1, 2, 3, "/", 2, 3, 6], [1.5901716361076840329 106, 25.435450965512737550,
3.6444151159014135272, 9.0364895428224668139 10-11] (22)
```

```
> nops(lisresuo30), lisresuo30[882];
```

```
882, [[1, "/", 0], 1.59017163597953173762009499879 106,
25.4354509675604186669392823969,
3.64441787892464273148922845059,
4.222551039450212908273103 10-12] (23)
```

```
> ##### Study of precision
#####
```

```
> Digits:=50: lisresuo50:=benef(1591873,Float(9.1,-11),4,0): # same
computation with Digits=50
```

```
"r=", 1, "nops(lissupo[r])=", 14
```

```
"r=", 2, "nops(lissupo[r])=", 55
```

```
"r=", 3, "nops(lissupo[r])=", 93
```

```
"r=", 4, "nops(lissupo[r])=", 74
```

```
"s=", 1, "nops(lisinfo[s])=", 11
```

```
"s=", 2, "nops(lisinfo[s])=", 37
```

```
"s=", 3, "nops(lisinfo[s])=", 50
```

```
"s=", 4, "nops(lisinfo[s])=", 25
```

```
"number of numbers with ben < benmax =", 882
```

"number of numbers n satisfying $M_{\{p_k\}} < n < M_{\{p_{k+1}\}}$ and $c(n) > \delta$ (24)
=", 882

```
> maxilog:=--infinity: maxinsphin:=--infinity: maxicn:=--infinity:
maxibenn:=--infinity:
# study of precision
for i from 1 to 882 do
    ter30:=lisresuo30[i]; ter50:=lisresuo50[i]:
    maxilog:=max(maxilog,abs(ter30[2]-ter50[2]));
    maxinsphin:=max(maxinsphin,abs(ter30[3]-ter50[3]));
    maxicn:=max(maxicn,abs(ter30[4]-ter50[4]));
    maxibenn:=max(maxibenn,abs(ter30[5]-ter50[5]));
od:print("maxilog=",maxilog,"maxinsphin=",maxinsphin);
print("maxicn=",maxicn,"maxibenn=",maxibenn);
```

"maxilog=", 3.42583970816521161460 10^{-23} , "maxinsphin=",
9.97897605024369357293 10^{-28}
"maxicn=", 1.4601814750292877551408291 10^{-24} , "maxibenn=",
1.51934542587235685051237739 10^{-30} (25)

```
> comlogn:=0: comnsphin:=0: comcn:=0: combenn:=0:
# study of increasingness or decreasingness
for j from 1 to 881 do
    if lisresuo30[j+1][2] < lisresuo30[j][2] then comlogn:=
comlogn+1: fi;
    if lisresuo30[j+1][3] > lisresuo50[j][3] then comnsphin:=
comnsphin+1: fi;
    if lisresuo30[j+1][4] > lisresuo30[j][4] then comcn:=comcn+1:
fi;
    if lisresuo30[j+1][5] < lisresuo30[j][5] then combenn:=
combenn+1: fi;
od;
print("comlogn=",comlogn,"comnsphin=",comnsphin);
print("comcn=",comcn,"combenn=",combenn);
```

"comlogn=", 881, "comnsphin=", 881

"comcn=", 881, "combenn=", 881 (26)

```
> ##### the end
#####
```

```
>
```